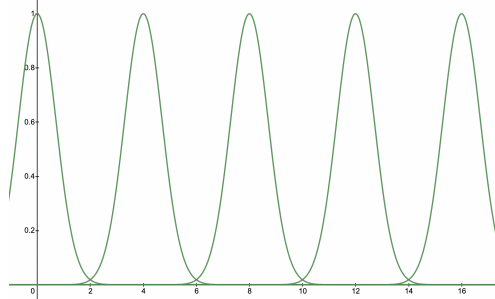


Practice problem

Consider an underwater¹ spherical wave that oscillates in time as shown below:



This “Gaussian comb” profile is defined over one period 4τ , where $\tau = 0.01$ is a dimensionless timescale, as

$$p = p_0 e^{-(t-4\tau)^2}$$

The pressure amplitude p_0 of the wave is 50 Pa when measured 1 m from the source.

1. Is this waveform *physical*? Defend your answer. Proceed with the problem even if your answer is “no.”
2. Calculate the sound pressure level 200 m from the source. You may assume that

$$\int_{-2\tau}^{2\tau} e^{-Cx^2} dx \simeq \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-Cx^2} dx = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{C}}$$

3. Calculate the particle velocity amplitude u_0 200 m from the source.
4. Suppose the source is Dr. Hamilton’s pet hermit crab, Hammy, maniacally laughing at the world as it sits on the ocean floor at the edge of a continental shelf.² Calculate the sound power level.

¹ $\rho_0 = 1026 \text{ kg/m}^3$, 1500 m/s , $\rho_0 c_0 = 1.54 \text{ Mrayls}$

²That is, the sound propagates in only one quadrant of a sphere